

# National Review of Asthma Deaths (NRAD) Panel assessment form

V17 15-04-13

**Case number:** 

**Meeting date:** 

Panel assessor 1 (case lead) -Panel assessor 2 -

### INTRODUCTION AND GUIDANCE

The panel assessment form is designed to help assessors work through the relevant issues in a structured and reproducible fashion, and to prompt them to make judgements about the importance of any factors that they discover. Assessment will be made using the information available in the relevant data collection forms and information obtained from the GP and the hospital, care home and ambulance service as applicable.

The panel chair will be on hand to help answer any queries you may have about the assessment tool. Please note, however, that during the panel meetings the panel chair's role is expected to be neutral in terms of the discussion. The chair is not expected to put forward his/her own views, but rather to guide panel assessors through the panel assessment tool, highlight emerging issues for further discussion, seek consensus and ensure that all assessors contribute equally.

#### Key:

Issues related to *primary care*\*\* Issues related to *secondary care* Issues related to *primary\*\* or secondary care*  \*\*Please note that Emergency Services such as 'out of hours' and ambulance services are considered part of primary care.

THE STANDARDS FOR THIS CONFIDENTIAL ENQUIRY ARE THE SIGN/BTS GUIDELINES AND THE NRAD STANDARDS DOCUMENT. PLEASE BASE YOUR ASSESSMENTS AND CONCLUSIONS ON THESE DOCUMENTS AND REFER TO APPROPRIATE SECTIONS IN YOUR SUMMARY.

#### Section 1: Assessment summary

- This section asks the assessor to summarise the assessment, highlight critical factors, and identify learning points and recommendations:
  - Items 1–19 are your overall conclusions. This can be completed in draft format while you are reviewing the information prior to the meeting to help aid your discussion. The lead assessor for this case is responsible for completing a final version at the end of the panel meeting and returning to a member of the NRAD team.
  - Items 20.1 A–D is a brief summary tool for use after you have familiarised yourself with the case, and for identifying where more detailed assessment is required.

Section 2: Panel assessment (on cases where asthma was considered a definite/probable or possible cause of, or contributing to the cause of, death)

This is for extracting and summarising the information identified in Section 1 Item 20:

- There are checkboxes for selecting the most likely relevant factors related to each piece of information.
- Only those relevant sections need to be completed. If there is no factor in any section, please select 'no' and move on to the next section.
- Where an item is chosen as a relevant factor, please indicate the source of the evidence for making these judgements in the sections in the columns provided on each page:
  - **PART A** Asks the assessor to consider the <u>patient and their family</u> and to consider any intrinsic and extrinsic factors that could be relevant to the outcome (eg premorbid illness).
  - **PART B** Asks the assessor to consider any <u>avoidable factors</u> related to <u>healthcare professionals</u>.
  - **PART C** Asks the assessor to consider any relevant and/or avoidable factors related to <u>systems</u> (eg communication or <u>policies and procedures</u>).

PART D (For children <19 only) Asks the assessor to assess relevant child protection issues.

#### Section 3: Documentation (on all cases)

This section asks the assessor to assess the impact of any important omissions in the *documentation*. This should be completed on ALL cases, regardless of whether asthma possibly contributed to the cause of death or not.

SEC	SECTION 1: SUMMARY OF ASSESSMENT (Questions 1–20)		
notes other	Please complete this section in draft forma <u>t</u> using the information available to you in the questionnaires and case notes provided to you at the panel meeting – this will help aid the discussion with your peers and guide you to other areas of the form that should be completed. <b>PLEASE COMPLETE ONE FINAL VERSION OF THIS FORM AT THE MEETING &amp; RETURN TO THE NRAD TEAM</b> .		
1.	Did the patient have asthma?         Definitely/probably yes       Possibly yes         Unlikely       No		
	<b>1.1 Does this patient have chronic asthma with fixed airflow obstruction?</b> Yes       No         Insufficient info		
2.	Do you agree that the death was due to asthma?         Definitely/probably yes       Possibly yes         Unlikely       No		
3.	Do you agree that asthma was a significant contributory factor to the cause of death?         Definitely/probably yes       Possibly yes       Unlikely       No       Insufficient info		
4.	Can death be attributed to adverse effects of asthma medication? (eg adrenal suppression/immune suppression)         Definitely/probably yes       Possibly yes       Unlikely       No       Insufficient info		
5.	The Office for National Statistics coded this death as having 'asthma' as the underlying cause of death. Do you agree that this underlying cause code matches the clinical findings?         Definitely/probably yes       Possibly yes       Unlikely       No       Insufficient info       N/A		
6.1	If you think asthma definitely/probably or possibly caused or contributed to the cause of death, how many factors in section 2 have you defined as being 'major'?		
6.2	If the patient did not have asthma or the patient had asthma but it did not cause or contribute to death, to what alternative cause can death be attributed?		
7.	Was a local review conducted?       Yes       No       Insufficient info         (eg SUI/SEA)       (eg SUI/SEA)       (eg SUI/SEA)       (eg SUI/SEA)		
	7.1 Do you think the local review was adequate or inadequate?		
8.	Do you think the overall care of the patient at the following stages was adequate* or inadequate? (Adequate is defined as what you would accept as care for yourself or a family member)		
	a. Routine/chronic management Adequate Inadequate Insufficient info		
	b. Management of attacks Adequate Inadequate Insufficient info N/A		
	c. Management of the final attack Adequate Inadequate Insufficient info		
9.	Overall assessment (please select one category only):         Good practice – a standard of care that you would expect from yourself/trainees/organisation         Room for improvement – aspects of CLINICAL care could have been better         Room for improvement – aspects of ORGANISATIONAL CARE could have been better         Room for improvement – aspects of CLINICAL and ORGANISATIONAL care could have been better         Less than satisfactory – several aspects of clinical and/or organisational care were well below a standard you would expect from yourself/trainees/organisation         Insufficient information available		
10.	Could this case be used for a vignette or learning case for a workshop?		

11.	With reference to the BTS/SIGN Asthma Guidelines and NRAD Quality Indicators, do you think overall care of		
	the patient in <u>PRIMARY CARE</u> was:		
12.	With reference to the BTS/SIGN Asthma Guidelines and NRAD Quality Indicators, do you think overall care of		
	the patient in <u>SECONDARY CARE</u> was:		
	Adequate Inadequate Insufficient info N/A		
13.	Was a post-mortem done?   Yes   No   Insufficient info		
	13.1 If yes, was a report available?   Yes   No     If yes:   If yes:   If yes:		
	<b>13.1.1 Was this useful?</b> Yes No		
	13.1.1 Quality parameters:		
14.	Please summarise the case in two or three sentences.		
15.	Please identify any factors that require discussion with your paired assessor/group:		
16.	Please summarise your opinion of the critical stages in the management of this case. Please consider any		
	<b>missed opportunities and potential factors that might have been associated with poor outcome</b> (eg previous attacks, multiple prescriptions for bronchodilators, lack of prescribed inhaled steroids, poor adherence)		
	······································		
17.	Please summarise recommendations and learning points identified in this case:		

18.	Please highlight areas of good practice relating to this case		
		Form:	Ref:
18.1			
18.2			
18.3			
18.4			
19.	Are there any particular issues you feel should be highlighted in the final report?		)
	If yes, please specify:		
	n yes, please specify.		
20.	Occasionally, the NRAD team will refer cases where it is felt that further feedback to the Trus		
	concerned is warranted. This is usually owing to an area of concern, particular to the hospita involved, and not for issues being highlighted across the body of case notes. In cases that are		
	assessors have concerns that the pattern of practice fell below a standard, which indicates th		
	or team is likely to put future patients at risk, if not addressed. The Medical Director of the T		
	be written to by the Clinical Director of the CEEU explaining the concerns. This process has b other confidential enquiries (eg NCEPOD, CMACE) and the responses received have always b		
	they feel the concerns are being dealt with in the most appropriate manner. Please see page		
	information on our 'Cause for concern' policy.		
	Do you feel that this case should be considered for such an action?	No	
21.	Have you completed Section 3 on page 38?	No	

22.	BEFORE COMPLETING THIS SECTION, PLEASE SELECT ONE OF THE FOLLOWING OPTIONS TO HELP GUIDE THE REMAINDER OF YOUR ASSESSMENT				
	□ PATIENT DID NOT HAVE ASTHMA $\rightarrow$ Skip to Section 3, page 38				
	<ul> <li>PATIENT HAD ASTHMA AND: (select one of the following)</li> <li>asthma probably caused or contributed to the cause of death → Continue</li> <li>asthma was unlikely to be a cause or a significant contributory factor → Skip to Section 3, page 38</li> <li>no issues in management/avoidable factors were present in this case → Skip to Section 3, page 38</li> </ul>				
	IMPOSSIBLE TO ASCERTAIN AS INSUFFICIENT INFO/DOCUMENTATION AVAILABLE - please in	→ Assessment closed form the NRAD team			
	NSURE YOU COMPLETE SECTION 3 (page 38) ON <u>ALL</u> CASES				
SECTION	<b>2 CATEGORIES:</b> (ONLY for cases where asthma probably caused or contributed t	to cause of death)			
PART A	Avoidable or remediable factors related to the PATIENT AND/OR FAMILY AND THEIR ENVIRONMENT	COMPLETE PAGE:			
A1 A2	<ul> <li>During the month before death</li> <li>During the preceding 12 months</li> </ul>	8 9			
PART B	Substandard care and avoidable or remediable factors related to <u>HEALTHCA</u> <u>PROFESSIONALS</u> with regards to:	<u>NRE</u>			
	Routine medical care and ongoing supervision/monitoring of patient's asthma:				
B1	In primary care (community/GP practice/emergency services)	10			
B2	In secondary care	12			
	Assessment of the final attack:				
B3	In primary care (community/GP practice/emergency services)	14			
B4	In secondary care	16			
в5	Diagnosis or in recognising high-risk status:	10			
B5 B6	In primary care (community/GP practice/emergency services)	18 20			
20		20			
	Referral to a specialist:				
B7	In primary care (community/GP practice/emergency services)	22			
B8	In secondary care	23			
	Management/treatment of the final attack:				
В9	In primary care (community/GP practice/emergency services)	24			
B10	In secondary care	25			
B11	<b>Discharge</b> (for those patients who died within 1 month of discharge from hospital after	26			
D13	treatment for an acute asthma attack) Clinical supervision or delegation of care	28			
B12 B13		30			
B13 B14	Documentation	31			
PART C	Substandard care and avoidable or remediable factors related to <u>SYSTEMS</u>				
C1	Communication (eg doctor was uncontactable, despite trying)	32			
C2	Policies or procedures	33			
C3	Resources	34			
C4	Other component of system error (eg delays that weren't the fault of a provider)	35			
C5	Adverse event that affected care (eg drug error, equipment failure)	36			
PART D	Child protection (for <19 year olds)				
C1	Failings in child protection	37			

	<b>SECTION 2: PANEL ASSESSMENT</b> (ON CASES WHERE ASTHMA CONSIDERED DEFINITE/ PROBABLE OR POSSIBLE CAUSE OF OR CONTRIBUTING TO THE CAUSE OF DEATH)		
Part A	FACTORS RELATED TO THE PATIENT AND/OR FAMILY AND THEIR ENVIRONMENT		<u>NT</u>
A 1.	Was there an avoidable factor related to the PATIENT OR FAMILY AND THEIR ENVIRONMENT         during the month before death?         Yes → Continue to A1a         No → Skip to A2         Impossible to ascertain as insufficient information/documentation available → Skip to A2		T
A 1a	If yes, then please	tick each relevant factor:	
		one factor, please indicate the one that had the most significant impact on the death d). *For each factor selected, please indicate the source of data used for making this	n in
	Did not Did not Delay/fa Delay/fa Delay/fa Delay/fa Substan Child ab Social fa Social fa Smoker Passive Psychold Allergy t Food all	*Form Ref id illness that predisposed asthma attack adhere to medical advice attend asthma review/s ailure in seeking medical advice ailure in responding to worsening symptoms to take appropriate medication ce misuse* <i>specify</i> use/neglect* actors, <i>specify</i> smoker/exposure to smoke in the home ogical factors (specify) to household pets/animals ergy, <i>specify</i> al allergy, eg hay fever, changes in weather, thunderstorms etc duced (eg beta blockers or NSAIDS) pecify	
A 1b	overall significance	erall significance of this factor (If multiple factors are ticked in part A 1a, then the should be that of the one deemed most significant. If you consider there to be more tor, please elaborate in the free-text comment box below)	
	🗌 Major	Factor contributed significantly to the death. Different management would reasonable expected to alter outcome. Includes causal (part of a chain of causation) and compounding (made the situation worse).	ably
	Minor	Likely to be a relevant contributory factor (in addition to the chain of causation). Different management/behaviour might have made a difference, but survival was unlikely in any case.	
	Irrelevant	Although lessons can be learned, altering this factor cannot be reasonably asserted affect outcome. Non-contributory.	to
A 1c	Explanatory comm	ents/justification of response:	

A2.	Was there an avoidable factor related to the <u>PATIENT OR FAMILY AND THEIR ENVIRONMENT</u> during the 12 months before their death?		
			В
A 2a	If yes, then please	tick each relevant factor:	
	If ticking more than one factor, please indicate the one that had the most significant impact on the death the first column (red). *For each factor selected, please indicate the source of data used for making this judgement.		king this
	Did not         Did not         Delay/fa         Delay/fa	*Form id illness that predisposed asthma attack adhere to medical advice attend asthma review/s ailure in seeking medical advice ailure in responding to worsening symptoms to take appropriate medication ce misuse* <i>specify</i> use/neglect* actors, <i>specify</i> smoker/exposure to smoke in the home ogical factors (specify) to household pets/animals ergy, <i>specify</i> al allergy, eg hay fever, changes in weather, thunderstorms etc duced ( <i>eg beta blockers or NSAIDS</i> ) pecify	Ref
A 2b	<b>Please note the overall significance of this factor:</b> ( <i>If multiple factors are ticked in part A 2a, then the overall significance should be that of the one deemed most significant. If you consider there to be more than one major factor, please elaborate in the free-text comment box below</i> )		
	Major	Factor contributed significantly to the death. Different management woul be expected to alter outcome. Includes causal (part of a chain of causation compounding (made the situation worse).	-
	Minor	Likely to be a relevant contributory factor (in addition to the chain of caus Different management/behaviour might have made a difference, but surv unlikely in any case.	
	Irrelevant	Although lessons can be learned, altering this factor cannot be reasonably affect outcome. Non-contributory.	asserted to
A 2c	Explanatory comm	ents/justification of response:	

Part B	AVOIDABLE F	ACTORS RELATED TO <u>PROFESSIONALS</u>	
B1	SUPERVISION ANCARE?Yes $\rightarrow$ ContinuNo $\rightarrow$ Skip to I		
B 1a		one factor, please indicate the one that had the most significant impact on a d). *For each factor selected, please indicate the source of data used for mak	ing this
	Prescrib         Did n         Did n         Overg         Presc         Presc         Presc         Offer pro         Check in         Review 1         Identify         Perform         Give per	Form care professional(s) did not: e appropriate drug therapy – specify: ot prescribe in accordance with guidelines prescribed short-acting beta agonist bronchodilator ribed long-acting beta agonist bronchodilator as monotherapy ribed inappropriate dose of oral/inhaled steroids ribed inappropriate dose of other medicines eventative treatment haler technique the patient according to guidelines triggers for asthma eg allergic, NSAIDS etc an adequate asthma review sonal asthma action plan putine medical care factor, specify	Ref
B 1b	(If multiple factors o	erall significance of this factor: are ticked in part B 1a, then the overall significance should be that of the one you consider there to be more than one major factor, please elaborate in the y)	
	Major Minor	Factor contributed significantly to the death. Different management would be expected to alter outcome. Includes causal (part of a chain of causation compounding (made the situation worse). Likely to be a relevant contributory factor (in addition to the chain of causa	) and
	Irrelevant	Different management/behaviour might have made a difference, but survi unlikely in any case. Although lessons can be learned, altering this factor cannot be reasonably	val was
		affect outcome. Non-contributory.	
B 1c		in clinician or healthcare professional responsible for this factor: esignation of the post. It is accepted that the panel will not know the training	history of
	Doctor	– out of hours Practice nurse	PC)
B 1d	Please designate th factor (eg trainee):	e status or grade of the main clinician or healthcare professional responsil	<b>ble for this</b> t known

B 1e Explanatory comments/justification of response:

Part B	AVOIDABLE FACTORS RELATED TO <u>PROFESSIONALS</u>		
B2	Was there a significant avoidable factor during <u>ROUTINE MEDICAL CARE AND THE ONGOING</u> SUPERVISION AND MONITORING OF THE PATIENT'S ASTHMA BY PROFESSIONALS IN         SECONDARY CARE?         Yes $\rightarrow$ Continue to B2a         No $\rightarrow$ Skip to B3         Insufficient information/documentation available $\rightarrow$ Skip to B3		
B 2a	If yes, then specify: If ticking more than one factor, please indicate the one that had the most significant impact on the death in the first column (red). *For each factor selected, please indicate the source of data used for making this judgement. Form Ref		
	Secondary care professional(s) did not:         Prescribe appropriate drug therapy – specify:         Did not prescribe in accordance with guidelines         Overprescribed short-acting beta agonist bronchodilator         Prescribed long-acting beta agonist bronchodilator as monotherapy         Prescribed inappropriate dose of oral/inhaled steroids         Prescribed inappropriate dose of other medicines         Offer preventative treatment         Check inhaler technique         Review the patient according to guidelines         Identify triggers for asthma eg allergic, NSAIDS etc         Perform an adequate asthma review         Give personal asthma action plan         Other routine medical care factor, specify		
B 2b	Please note the overall significance of this factor: (If multiple factors are ticked in part B 2a, then the overall significance should be that of the one deemed most significant. If you consider there to be more than one major factor, please elaborate in the free-text comment box below)		
	<ul> <li>Major Factor contributed significantly to the death. Different management would reasonable be expected to alter outcome. Includes causal (part of a chain of causation) and compounding (made the situation worse).</li> <li>Minor Likely to be a relevant contributory factor (in addition to the chain of causation). Different management/behaviour might have made a difference, but survival was</li> </ul>	bly	
	<ul> <li>Irrelevant</li> <li>Although lessons can be learned, altering this factor cannot be reasonably asserted t affect outcome. Non-contributory.</li> </ul>	to	
B 2c	Please note the main clinician or healthcare professional responsible for this factor:		
	(This refers to the designation of the post. It is accepted that the panel will not know the training history o the individual)	of	
	Doctor – paediatrician       Doctor – elderly care         Doctor – emergency medicine       Doctor – other, specify         Doctor – paediatric emergency med       Nurse (adult or other)         Doctor – intensive care       Nurse (RSCN)         Doctor – respiratory medicine       Respiratory nurse specialist (SC)         Doctor – respiratory medicine       Other professional, specify         Unknown/unreadable       Unknown/unreadable		
B 2d	Please designate the status or grade of the main clinician or healthcare professional responsible for this factor (eg trainee):	s	

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B 2e Explanatory comments/justification of response:

Part B	AVOIDABLE FACTORS RELATED TO <u>PROFESSIONALS</u> CONT.		
B3	Was there a significant avoidable factor during ASSESSMENT OF THE FINAL ATTACK*/ACCESS         TO CARE BY PROFESSIONALS IN PRIMARY CARE?         *NB: this attack may have been going on for days or weeks         Yes $\rightarrow$ Continue to B3a         No $\rightarrow$ Skip to B4         Insufficient information/documentation available $\rightarrow$ Skip to B4		
В За	<b>If yes, then specify:</b> If ticking more than one factor, please indicate the one that had the most significant impact on the death in the first column (red). *For each factor selected, please indicate the source of data used for making this judgement.		
	Form Ref		
	<ul> <li>Primary care professional(s) delayed</li> <li>In getting adequate medical history</li> <li>In assessment or evaluation of patient</li> <li>In taking appropriate physiological measurements during the final attack</li> <li>In recognising abnormal vital signs</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Primary care professional(s) did not</li> <li>Get an adequate medical history</li> <li>Assessment or evaluate the patient appropriately</li> <li>Take appropriate physiological measurements during the final attack</li> <li>Recognise abnormal signs</li> </ul>		
	Other assessment issue, <i>specify</i>		
B 3b	Please note the overall significance of this factor         (If multiple factors are ticked in part B 3a, then the overall significance should be that of the one deemed         most significant. If you consider there to be more than one major factor, please elaborate in the free-text         comment box below)         Major       Factor contributed significantly to the death. Different management would reasonably         be expected to alter outcome. Includes causal (part of a chain of causation) and         compounding (made the situation worse).         Likely to be a relevant contributory factor (in addition to the chain of causation).         Different management/behaviour might have made a difference, but survival was         unlikely in any case.         Although lessons can be learned, altering this factor cannot be reasonably asserted to         affect outcome. Non-contributory.		
В 3с	Please note the main clinician or healthcare professional responsible for this factor: (This refers to the designation of the post. It is accepted that the panel will not know the training history of		
	the individual)   Paramedic   Doctor - out of hours   Doctor - GP   Doctor - other, specify   Doctor - other, specify   Unknown/unreadable		
B 3d	Please designate the status or grade of the main clinician or healthcare professional responsible for this		
	factor (eg trainee): Not known		

B 3e Explanatory comments/justification of response:

Part B	AVOIDABLE FACTORS RELATED TO <u>PROFESSIONALS</u> CONT.		
B4.	Was there a significant avoidable factor during ASSESSMENT OF THE FINAL ATTACK*/ACCESS         TO CARE BY PROFESSIONALS IN SECONDARY CARE?         *NB: this attack may have been going on for days or weeks         Yes $\rightarrow$ Continue to B4a         No $\rightarrow$ Skip to B5         Insufficient information/documentation available $\rightarrow$ Skip to B5		
В 4а	If yes, then specify: If ticking more than one factor, please indicate the one that had the most significant impact on the death in the first column (red). *For each factor selected, please indicate the source of data used for making this judgement.		
	Form Ref		
	Access to appropriate care was delayed/not possible		
	Secondary care professional(s) delayed:         In getting adequate medical history         In assessment or evaluation of patient         In taking appropriate physiological measurements during the final attack         In recognising abnormal vital signs		
	Secondary care professional(s) did not         Get adequate medical history         Assess or evaluate the patient appropriately         Take appropriate physiological measurements during the final attack         Recognise abnormal signs		
	Other assessment issue, <i>specify</i>		
B 4b	Please note the overall significance of this factor         (If multiple factors are ticked in part B 4a, then the overall significance should be that of the one deemed         most significant. If you consider there to be more than one major factor, please elaborate in the free-text         comment box below)         Major       Factor contributed significantly to the death. Different management would reasonably be         expected to alter outcome. Includes causal (part of a chain of causation) and         compounding (made the situation worse).         Likely to be a relevant contributory factor (in addition to the chain of causation).         Different management/behaviour might have made a difference, but survival was         unlikely in any case.         Although lessons can be learned, altering this factor cannot be reasonably asserted to         affect outcome. Non-contributory.		
B 4c	Please note the main clinician or healthcare professional responsible for this factor:         (This refers to the designation of the post. It is accepted that the panel will not know the training history of the individual)         Doctor - paediatrician       Doctor - elderly care         Doctor - emergency medicine       Doctor - other, specify         Doctor - paediatric emergency med       Nurse (adult or other)         Doctor - intensive care       Nurse (RSCN)         Doctor - respiratory medicine       Other professional, specify         Unknown/unreadable       Unknown/unreadable		
B 4d	Please designate the status or grade of the main clinician or healthcare professional responsible for this factor (eg trainee):         Image: Content of the main clinician or healthcare professional responsible for this factor (eg trainee):		

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B 4e Explanatory comments/justification of response:

Part B	AVOIDABLE FACTORS RELATED TO <u>PROFESSIONALS</u> CONT.		
B5.	Was there a significant avoidable factor related to the <u>DIAGNOSIS OR RECOGNITION OF RISK</u> <u>STATUS BY PROFESSIONALS IN PRIMARY CARE?</u>		
	$\Box \text{ Yes } \rightarrow \text{Continue to B5a}$		
В 5а	<b>If yes, then specify:</b> If ticking more than one factor, please indicate the one that had the most significant impact on the death in the first column (red). *For each factor selected, please indicate the source of data used for making this judgement.		
	Form Ref		
	Incorrect diagnosis		
	Primary care professional(s) delayed:         In assessment or evaluation of patient         In recognition of abnormal signs         In recognition of the problem or its severity         In diagnosing or recognising high-risk status (eg past admission)         Other delay, Specify		
	Primary care professional(s) did not:         Assess or evaluate the patient appropriately         Record clinical signs         Recognise abnormal clinical signs         Recognise the problem or its severity         Diagnose or recognise high-risk status         Other failure, Specify		
B 5b	Please note the overall significance of this factor		
	(If multiple factors are ticked in part B 5a, then the overall significance should be that of the one deemed most significant. If you consider there to be more than one major factor, please elaborate in the free-text comment box below)         Major       Factor contributed significantly to the death. Different management would reasonably be expected to alter outcome. Includes causal (part of a chain of causation) and compounding (made the situation worse).         Minor       Likely to be a relevant contributory factor (in addition to the chain of causation). Different management/behaviour might have made a difference, but survival was unlikely in any case.         Irrelevant       Although lessons can be learned, altering this factor cannot be reasonably asserted to affect outcome. Non-contributory.		
В 5с	Please note the main clinician or healthcare professional responsible for this factor: (This refers to the designation of the post. It is accepted that the panel will not know the training history of the individual)		
	Paramedic       Nurse (adult or other)         Doctor – out of hours       Practice nurse         Doctor – GP       Respiratory nurse specialist (PC)         Doctor – other, specify       Other professional, specify         Unknown/unreadable       Unknown/unreadable		
B 5d	Please designate the status or grade of the main clinician or healthcare professional responsible for this factor (eg trainee):		

B 5e Explanatory comments/justification of response:

Part B	AVOIDABLE FACTORS RELATED TO <u>PROFESSIONALS</u> CONT.			
B6.	Was there a significant avoidable factor related to the <u>DIAGNOSIS OR IN THE RECOGNITION OF</u> <u>RISK STATUS BY PROFESSIONALS IN SECONDARY CARE?</u> $\square$ Yes $\rightarrow$ Continue to B6a $\square$ No $\rightarrow$ Skip to B7			
	Insufficient information/documentation available $\rightarrow$ <i>Skip to B7</i>			
B 6a	If yes, then specify: If ticking more than one factor, please indicate the one that had the most significant impact on the death in the first column (red). *For each factor selected, please indicate the source of data used for making this judgement.			
	Form Ref			
	Secondary care professional(s) delayed:         In assessment or evaluation of patient         In recognition of abnormal signs         In recognition of the problem or its severity         In diagnosing or recognising high-risk status (eg past admission)         Other delay, specify         Secondary care professional(s) did not:         Assess or evaluate the patient appropriately			
	<ul> <li>Assess of evaluate the patient appropriately</li> <li>Record clinical signs</li> <li>Recognise abnormal clinical signs</li> <li>Recognise the problem or its severity</li> <li>Diagnose or recognise high-risk status</li> <li>Other failure, <i>specify</i></li> </ul>			
B 6b	Please note the overall significance of this factor         (If multiple factors are ticked in part B 6a, then the overall significance should be that of the one deemed         most significant. If you consider there to be more than one major factor, please elaborate in the free-text         comment box below)         Major       Factor contributed significantly to the death. Different management would reasonably			
	<ul> <li>be expected to alter outcome. Includes causal (part of a chain of causation) and compounding (made the situation worse).</li> <li>Minor</li> <li>Likely to be a relevant contributory factor (in addition to the chain of causation). Different management/behaviour might have made a difference, but survival was unlikely in any case.</li> <li>Irrelevant</li> <li>Although lessons can be learned, altering this factor cannot be reasonably asserted to</li> </ul>			
	affect outcome. Non-contributory.			
В 6с	Please note the main clinician or healthcare professional responsible for this factor: (This refers to the designation of the post. It is accepted that the panel will not know the training history of the individual)			
	Doctor – paediatrician       Doctor – elderly care         Doctor – emergency medicine       Doctor – other, specify         Doctor – paediatric emergency med       Nurse (adult or other)         Doctor – intensive care       Nurse (RSCN)         Doctor – paediatric intensive care       Respiratory nurse specialist (SC)         Doctor – respiratory medicine       Other professional, specify			
	Unknown/unreadable			
B 6d	Please designate the status or grade of the main clinician or healthcare professional responsible for this factor (eg trainee):			

B 6e Explanatory comments/justification of response:

Part B	AVOIDABLE FACTORS RELATED TO <u>PROFESSIONALS</u> CONT.					
B7	Was there a significant avoidable factor related to the <u>REFERRAL TO A SPECIALIST BY A</u> <b>PROFESSIONAL IN PRIMARY CARE?</b> $\square$ Yes $\rightarrow$ Continue to B7a $\square$ No $\rightarrow$ Skip to B8 $\square$ Insufficient information/documentation available $\rightarrow$ Skip to B8					
B 7a	<b>If yes, then specify:</b> If ticking more than one factor, please indicate the one that had the most significant impact on the death in the first column (red). *For each factor selected, please indicate the source of data used for making this judgement.					
	Form Ref					
	Primary care professional(s) delayed:         In consulting another appropriate team         In referring to another appropriate team in primary care         In referring to secondary care         Primary care professional(s) did not:         Consult another appropriate team         Refer to another appropriate team in primary care         Refer to secondary care					
	Other, <i>specify</i>					
B 7b	Please note the overall significance of this factor					
	<ul> <li>(If multiple factors are ticked in part B 7a, then the overall significance should be that of the one deemed most significant. If you consider there to be more than one major factor, please elaborate in the free-text comment box below)         <ul> <li>Major</li> <li>Factor contributed significantly to the death. Different management would reasonably be expected to alter outcome. Includes causal (part of a chain of causation) and compounding (made the situation worse).</li> <li>Likely to be a relevant contributory factor (in addition to the chain of causation). Different management/behaviour might have made a difference, but survival was unlikely in any case.</li> <li>Irrelevant</li> <li>Although lessons can be learned, altering this factor cannot be reasonably asserted to affect outcome. Non-contributory.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>					
В 7с	Please note the main clinician or healthcare professional responsible for this factor:					
	(This refers to the designation of the post. It is accepted that the panel will not know the training history of the individual)         Paramedic       Nurse (adult or other)         Doctor – out of hours       Practice nurse         Doctor – GP       Respiratory nurse specialist (PC)         Doctor – other, specify       Other professional, specify         Unknown/unreadable       Doctor					
B 7d	Please designate the status or grade of the main clinician or healthcare professional responsible for this factor (eg trainee):					
В 7е	Explanatory comments/justification of response:					

Part B	AVOIDABLE FACTORS RELATED TO <u>PROFESSIONALS</u> CONT.					
B8	Was there a significant avoidable factor related to the <u>REFERRAL TO A SPECIALIST BY A</u> <u>PROFESSIONAL IN SECONDARY CARE?</u> (eg ED to respiratory specialist) $\square$ Yes $\rightarrow$ Continue to B8a $\square$ No $\rightarrow$ Skip to B9 $\square$ Insufficient information/documentation available $\rightarrow$ Skip to B9					
B 8a	If yes, then specify:					
	If ticking more than one factor, please indicate the one that had the most significant impact on the death in the first column (red). *For each factor selected, please indicate the source of data used for making this judgement.					
	Form Ref					
	Secondary care professional(s) delayed:         In consulting another appropriate team         In referring to another appropriate team in secondary care         Other, specify					
	Primary care professional(s) did not:         Consult another appropriate team         Refer to another appropriate team in secondary care         Other, specify					
B 8b	Please note the overall significance of this factor					
	<ul> <li>(If multiple factors are ticked in part B 8a, then the overall significance should be that of the one deemed most significant. If you consider there to be more than one major factor, please elaborate in the free-text comment box below)</li> <li>Major Factor contributed significantly to the death. Different management would reasonably be expected to alter outcome. Includes causal (part of a chain of causation) and</li> </ul>					
	compounding (made the situation worse).           Minor         Likely to be a relevant contributory factor (in addition to the chain of causation).           Different management/behaviour might have made a difference, but survival was					
	unlikely in any case. Irrelevant Although lessons can be learned, altering this factor cannot be reasonably asserted to affect outcome. Non-contributory.					
B 8c	Please note the main clinician or healthcare professional responsible for this factor: (This refers to the designation of the post. It is accepted that the panel will not know the training history of the individual)					
	Doctor – paediatrician       Doctor – elderly care         Doctor – emergency medicine       Doctor – other, specify         Doctor – paediatric emergency med       Nurse (adult or other)         Doctor – intensive care       Nurse (RSCN)         Doctor – paediatric intensive care       Respiratory nurse specialist (SC)         Doctor – respiratory medicine       Other professional, specify					
	Unknown/unreadable					
B 8d	Please designate the status or grade of the main clinician or healthcare professional responsible for this factor (eg trainee):					
В 8е	Explanatory comments/justification of response:					

Part B	AVOIDABLE FACTORS RELATED TO <u>PROFESSIONALS</u> CONT.					
В9	Was there a significant avoidable factor related to the MANAGEMENT/TREATMENT OF THEFINAL ATTACK BY PROFESSIONALS IN PRIMARY CARE? $\square$ Yes $\rightarrow$ Continue to B9a $\square$ No $\rightarrow$ Skip to B10 $\square$ Insufficient information/documentation available $\rightarrow$ Skip to B10					
B 9a	<b>If yes, then specify:</b> If ticking more than one factor, please indicate the one that had the most significant impact on the death in the first column (red). *For each factor selected, please indicate the source of data used for making this judgement.					
	Primary care professional(s) delayed:       In implementing appropriate monitoring         In initiating treatment       In following guidelines         Other delay, specify         Primary care professional(s) did not:         Implement appropriate monitoring					
	<ul> <li>Initiate treatment</li> <li>Follow guidelines</li> <li>Other failure, specify</li> </ul>					
B 9a	Please note the overall significance of this factor         (If multiple factors are ticked in part B 9a, then the overall significance should be that of the one deemed most significant. If you consider there to be more than one major factor, please elaborate in the free-text comment box below)         Major       Factor contributed significantly to the death. Different management would reasonably be expected to alter outcome. Includes causal (part of a chain of causation) and compounding (made the situation worse).         Minor       Likely to be a relevant contributory factor (in addition to the chain of causation). Different management/behaviour might have made a difference, but survival was unlikely in any case.         Irrelevant       Although lessons can be learned, altering this factor cannot be reasonably asserted to affect outcome. Non-contributory.					
B 9a	Please note the main clinician or healthcare professional responsible for this factor:         (This refers to the designation of the post. It is accepted that the panel will not know the training history of the individual)         Paramedic       Nurse (adult or other)         Doctor - out of hours       Practice nurse         Doctor - GP       Respiratory nurse specialist (PC)         Doctor - other, specify       Other professional, specify         Unknown/unreadable       Description					
B 9a	Please designate the status or grade of the main clinician or healthcare professional responsible for this factor (eg trainee):					
B 9a	Explanatory comments/justification of response:					

Part B	AVOIDABLE FACTORS RELATED TO <u>PROFESSIONALS</u> CONT.					
B10	Was there a significant avoidable factor related to the <u>MANAGEMENT/TREATMENT OF THE</u> FINAL ATTACK BY PROFESSIONALS IN SECONDARY CARE? Yes $\rightarrow$ Continue to B10a No $\rightarrow$ Skip to B11 Insufficient information/documentation available $\rightarrow$ Skip to B11					
B 10a	If yes, then specify:					
5 100	If yes, then specify. If ticking more than one factor, please indicate the one that had the most significant impact on the death in the first column (red). *For each factor selected, please indicate the source of data used for making this judgement.					
	FormRef					
	Secondary care professional(s) delayed:          In implementing appropriate monitoring         In initiating treatment         In following guidelines         Other delay, specify					
	Secondary care professional(s) did not:         Implement appropriate monitoring         Initiate treatment         Follow guidelines         Other failure, specify					
B 10b	Please note the overall significance of this factor         (If multiple factors are ticked in part B 10a, then the overall significance should be that of the one deemed most significant. If you consider there to be more than one major factor, please elaborate in the free-text comment box below)         Major       Factor contributed significantly to the death. Different management would reasonably be expected to alter outcome. Includes causal (part of a chain of causation) and compounding (made the situation worse).         Minor       Likely to be a relevant contributory factor (in addition to the chain of causation). Different management/behaviour might have made a difference, but survival was unlikely in any case.         Irrelevant       Although lessons can be learned, altering this factor cannot be reasonably asserted to affect outcome. Non-contributory.					
В 10с	Please note the main clinician or healthcare professional responsible for this factor: (This refers to the designation of the post. It is accepted that the panel will not know the training history of the individual)					
	Doctor – paediatrician       Doctor – elderly care         Doctor – emergency medicine       Doctor – other, specify         Doctor – paediatric emergency med       Nurse (adult or other)         Doctor – intensive care       Nurse (RSCN)         Doctor – respiratory medicine       Respiratory nurse specialist (SC)         Doctor – respiratory medicine       Other professional, specify         Unknown/unreadable       Unknown/unreadable					
B 10d	Please designate the status or grade of the main clinician or healthcare professional responsible for this factor (eg trainee):					
В 10е	Explanatory comments/justification of response:					

Part B	AVOIDABLE FACTORS RELATED TO <u>PROFESSIONALS</u> CONT.					
B11i	Did the patient die within 1 month of discharge from hospital after treatment for an acute asthma attack or other condition?					
	Yes → Continue to B11ii    No → Skip to B12					
B11ii	Was there a significant avoidable factor related to the <b>DISCHARGE FROM HOSPITAL</b> ?					
	Yes $\rightarrow$ Continue to B11aNo $\rightarrow$ Skip to B12Not applicableInsufficient information/documentation available $\rightarrow$ Skip to B12					
B 11a	If yes, then specify:					
	If ticking more than one factor, please indicate the one that had the most significant impact on the death in the first column (red). *For each factor selected, please indicate the source of data used for making this judgement.					
		Form Ref				
	Insufficient discharge planning					
	No discharge planning Inappropriate discharge					
	Self-discharged against medical advice					
	<ul> <li>Parents/carers self-discharged against medical advice</li> <li>Professional did not follow up after discharge</li> </ul>					
	Other, specify					
B 11b	Please note the overall significance of this factor	i				
0 0	(If multiple factors are ticked in part B 11a, then the overall significance should be that of the one deemed					
	most significant. If you consider there to be more than one major factor, please elaborate comment box below)	in the free-text				
	<b>Major</b> Factor contributed significantly to the death. Different management w	•				
	be expected to alter outcome. Includes causal (part of a chain of causa compounding (made the situation worse).	ition) and				
	<b>Minor</b> Likely to be a relevant contributory factor (in addition to the chain of c					
	Different management/behaviour might have made a difference, but s unlikely in any case.	survival was				
	Irrelevant Although lessons can be learned, altering this factor cannot be reason	ably asserted to				
	affect outcome. Non-contributory.					
B 11c	Please note the main clinician or healthcare professional responsible for this factor: (This refers to the designation of the post. It is accepted that the panel will not know the the individual)	raining history of				
	Paramedic Doctor – elderly care					
	Doctor – out of hours Doctor – other, specify	/				
	Doctor – GP       Nurse (RSCN)         Doctor – paediatrician       Nurse (adult or other)					
	Doctor – emergency medicine Practice nurse					
	Doctor – paediatric emergency med     Doctor – intensive care     Doctor – intensive care     Respiratory nurse spec					
	Doctor – paediatric intensivist Other professional, <i>sp</i>					
	Doctor – respiratory Unknown/unreadable					
B 11d	Please designate the status or grade of the main clinician or healthcare professional res	ponsible for this				
1		Not known				

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B 11e Explanatory comments/justification of response:

Part B	AVOIDABLE FACTORS RELATED TO <u>PROFESSIONALS</u> CONT.					
B12	Was there a significant avoidable factor related to the <u>CLINICAL SUPERVISION OR DELEGATION</u> <u>OF CARE?</u>					
	$\Box \text{ Yes } \rightarrow \text{Continue to B12a}$					
	No $\rightarrow$ <i>Skip to B13</i> Insufficient information/documentation available $\rightarrow$ <i>Skip to B13</i>					
B 12a	<b>If yes, then specify:</b> If ticking more than one factor, please indicate the one that had the most significant impact on the death in the first column (red). *For each factor selected, please indicate the source of data used for making this judgement.					
	Form       Ref         Professional delayed:       In clinical supervision (eg to check on junior's work/attend when it would have been appropriate to do so)       Image: Consult senior colleague       Image: Consu					
B 12b	Please note the overall significance of this factor         (If multiple factors are ticked in part B 12a, then the overall significance should be that of the one deemed most significant. If you consider there to be more than one major factor, please elaborate in the free-text comment box below)         Major       Factor contributed significantly to the death. Different management would reasonably be expected to alter outcome. Includes causal (part of a chain of causation) and compounding (made the situation worse).         Minor       Likely to be a relevant contributory factor (in addition to the chain of causation). Different management/behaviour might have made a difference, but survival was unlikely in any case.         Irrelevant       Although lessons can be learned, altering this factor cannot be reasonably asserted to affect outcome. Non-contributory.					
B 12c	<b>Please note the main clinician or healthcare professional responsible for this factor:</b> ( <i>This refers to the designation of the post. It is accepted that the panel will not know the training history of the individual</i> )					
	Paramedic       Doctor - elderly care         Doctor - out of hours       Doctor - other, specify         Doctor - GP       Nurse (RSCN)         Doctor - paediatrician       Nurse (adult or other)         Doctor - emergency medicine       Practice nurse         Doctor - paediatric emergency med       Respiratory nurse specialist (PC)         Doctor - intensive care       Respiratory nurse specialist (SC)         Doctor - respiratory       Other professional, specify         Doctor - respiratory       Unknown/unreadable					
B 12d	Please designate the status or grade of the main clinician or healthcare professional responsible for this					
	factor (eg trainee):					

B 12e Explanatory comments/justification of response:

Part B	AVOIDABLE FACTORS RELATED TO <u>PROFESSIONALS</u> CONT.					
B13	Was there a significant avoidable factor related to <u>LACK OF IMPLEMENTATION OF ASTHMA</u> <u>GUIDELINES?</u>					
	Yes $\rightarrow$ Continue to B13aNo $\rightarrow$ Skip to B14Insufficient information/documentation available $\rightarrow$ Skip to B14					
В 13а	If yes, then specify: If ticking more than one factor, please indicate the one that had the most significant impact on the death in the first column (red). *For each factor selected, please indicate the source of data used for making this judgement. Form Ref					
	<ul> <li>Lack of specific asthma expertise</li> <li>Lack of knowledge of guidelines</li> <li>Other, specify</li> </ul>					
B 13b	Please note the overall significance of this factor         (If multiple factors are ticked in part B 13a, then the overall significance should be that of the one deemed         most significant. If you consider there to be more than one major factor, please elaborate in the free-text         comment box below)         Major       Factor contributed significantly to the death. Different management would reasonably be expected to alter outcome. Includes causal (part of a chain of causation) and compounding (made the situation worse).         Minor       Likely to be a relevant contributory factor (in addition to the chain of causation). Different management/behaviour might have made a difference, but survival was unlikely in any case.         Irrelevant       Although lessons can be learned, altering this factor cannot be reasonably asserted to affect outcome. Non-contributory.					
B 13c	Please note the main clinician or healthcare professional responsible for this factor: (This refers to the designation of the post. It is accepted that the panel will not know the training history of the individual)					
	Paramedic       Doctor - elderly care         Doctor - out of hours       Doctor - other, specify         Doctor - GP       Nurse (RSCN)         Doctor - paediatrician       Nurse (adult or other)         Doctor - emergency medicine       Practice nurse         Doctor - paediatric emergency med       Respiratory nurse specialist (PC)         Doctor - paediatric intensivist       Other professional, specify         Doctor - respiratory       Unknown/unreadable					
B 13d	Please designate the status or grade of the main clinician or healthcare professional responsible for this					
В 13е	factor (eg trainee):					

Part B	AVOIDABLE FACTORS RELATED TO <u>PROFESSIONALS</u> CONT.					
B14	Was there a significant avoidable factor related to <u>DOCUMENTATION</u> ?					
	Yes → Continue to B14a    No → Skip to C1    Insufficient information/documentation available → Skip to C1    Skip to C1					
B 14a	<b>If yes, then specify:</b> If ticking more than one factor, please indicate the one that had the most significant impact on the death in the first column (red). *For each factor selected, please indicate the source of data used for making thi judgement.					
	Form       Ref         Poor records (eg insufficient frequency of observations)         Failure to document positive or negative clinical findings         Poor quality of written communication (eg written correspondence)         Other, specify					
B 14b	Please note the overall significance of this factor         (If multiple factors are ticked in part B 14a, then the overall significance should be that of the one deemed most significant. If you consider there to be more than one major factor, please elaborate in the free-text comment box below)         Major       Factor contributed significantly to the death. Different management would reasonably be expected to alter outcome. Includes causal (part of a chain of causation) and compounding (made the situation worse).         Minor       Likely to be a relevant contributory factor (in addition to the chain of causation). Different management/behaviour might have made a difference, but survival was unlikely in any case.         Irrelevant       Although lessons can be learned, altering this factor cannot be reasonably asserted to affect outcome. Non-contributory.					
B 14c	Please note the main clinician or healthcare professional responsible for this factor: (This refers to the designation of the post. It is accepted that the panel will not know the training history of the individual)					
	Paramedic       Doctor - elderly care         Doctor - out of hours       Doctor - other, specify         Doctor - GP       Nurse (RSCN)         Doctor - paediatrician       Nurse (adult or other)         Doctor - emergency medicine       Practice nurse         Doctor - paediatric emergency med       Respiratory nurse specialist (PC)         Doctor - intensive care       Respiratory nurse specialist (SC)         Doctor - respiratory       Other professional, specify         Unknown/unreadable       Unknown/unreadable					
B 14d	Please designate the status or grade of the main clinician or healthcare professional responsible for this factor (eg trainee):					
	Not known					
В 14е	Explanatory comments/justification of response:					

Part C	SUBSTANDARD CARE AND AVOIDABLE FACTORS RELATED TO SYSTEMS					
C1	Was there a significant avoidable factor due to <u>COMMUNICATION PROBLEMS</u> ?					
C 1a	If yes, then specify:         If ticking more than one factor, please indicate the one that had the most significant impact on the death in the first column (red). *For each factor selected, please indicate the source of data used for making this judgement.         Image: Between GPs       Image: Between nursing and doctors         Image: Between GP and hospital doctors       Image: Between departments/teams         Image: Between GP and community nurses       Image: Between hospitals         Image: Between GP and care home       Image: Between hospital doctor/nurse and patient or family         Image: Between department of family       Image: Between hospital nurses and patient or family         Image: Between doctors in same hospital       Image: Between hospital and care home hospital and care home hospitals					
C 1b	Please note the overall significance of this factor         (If multiple factors are ticked in part C 1a, then the overall significance should be that of the one deemed most significant. If you consider there to be more than one major factor, please elaborate in the free-text comment box below)         Major       Factor contributed significantly to the death. Different management would reasonably be expected to alter outcome. Includes causal (part of a chain of causation) and compounding (made the situation worse).					
	MinorLikely to be a relevant contributory factor (in addition to the chain of causation).Different management/behaviour might have made a difference, but survival was unlikely in any case.					
	IrrelevantAlthough lessons can be learned, altering this factor cannot be reasonably asserted to affect outcome. Non-contributory.					
C 1c	Explanatory comments/justification of response:					

C2	<b>Was there a significant avoidable factor due to</b> <u><i>POLICIES OR PROCEDURES</i></u> ? (this may be due to a lack of policies or procedures, or lack of implementation of policies or procedures)				
	$\Box \text{ Yes } \rightarrow \text{Continue to } C2a$				
	$\square \text{ No } \rightarrow \text{Skip to C3}$				
	Insufficient information/documentation available $\rightarrow$ <i>Skip to C3</i>				
C 2a	If yes, then specify: If ticking more than one factor, please indicate the one that had the most significant impact on the death in the first column (red). *For each factor selected, please indicate the source of data used for making this judgement.				
	Regardir    Regardir    Regardir    Regardir    Regardir    Regardir    Regardir	Form Ref inadequate implementation of policy/pathway/protocol ng clinical supervision ng scheduling and assessment ng oversight of others (eg no senior on call, drugs out of date) ng emergency preparedness (eg availability or location of oxygen) ng patient education pecify			
C 2b	Please note the overall significance of this factor (If multiple factors are ticked in part C 2a, then the overall significance should be that of the one deemed most significant. If you consider there to be more than one major factor, please elaborate in the free-text comment box below)				
	Major	Factor contributed significantly to the death. Different management would reasonably be expected to alter outcome. Includes causal (part of a chain of causation) and compounding (made the situation worse).			
	Minor	Likely to be a relevant contributory factor (in addition to the chain of causation). Different management/behaviour might have made a difference, but survival was unlikely in any case.			
	Irrelevant	Although lessons can be learned, altering this factor cannot be reasonably asserted to affect outcome. Non-contributory.			
C 2c					

С3	Was there any issue of <u>RESOURCES?</u>				
	$ Yes \rightarrow Continue to C3a  No \rightarrow Skip to C4 $				
	Insufficient information/documentation available $\rightarrow$ <i>Skip to C4</i>				
C 3a	If yes, then specify: If ticking more than one factor, please indicate the one that had the most significant impact on the death in the first column (red). *For each factor selected, please indicate the source of data used for making this judgement. Form Ref				
	Appropr	iate grade of medical staff unavailable iate grade of nursing staff unavailable iate other member of staff unavailable, specify iate piece of equipment unavailable, specify iate drugs unavailable, specify vailable in appropriate area/hospital/ICU pecify			
C 3b	Please note the overall significance of this factor (If multiple factors are ticked in part C 3a, then the overall significance should be that of the one deemed most significant. If you consider there to be more than one major factor, please elaborate in the free-text comment box below)				
	<ul> <li>Major</li> <li>Factor contributed significantly to the death. Different management would be expected to alter outcome. Includes causal (part of a chain of causation) compounding (made the situation worse).</li> <li>Minor</li> <li>Likely to be a relevant contributory factor (in addition to the chain of causa Different management/behaviour might have made a difference, but survivunlikely in any case.</li> </ul>				
	Irrelevant	Although lessons can be learned, altering this factor cannot be reas affect outcome. Non-contributory.	sonably as	serted to	
C 3c	affect outcome. Non-contributory. Explanatory comments/justification of response:				

C4	Was there a significant avoidable factor due to any other <u>COMPONENT OF SYSTEM ERROR?</u>					
C 4a	If yes, then specify:					
	If ticking more than one factor, please indicate the one that had the most significant impact on the death in the first column (red). *For each factor selected, please indicate the source of data used for making this judgement.					
	Please specify component		Form	Ref		
C 4b	Please note the overall sign	ificance of this factor				
		d in part C 4a, then the overall significance should be that of t	the most si	ignificant		
	🗌 Major	Factor contributed significantly to the death. Different management would reasonably be expected to alter outcome. Includes causal (part of a chain of causation) and compounding (made the situation worse).				
	Minor	Likely to be a relevant contributory factor (in addition to th causation). Different management/behaviour might have made a differ was unlikely in any case.		survival		
	Irrelevant	Although lessons can be learned, altering this factor cannot asserted to affect outcome. Non-contributory.	be reason	ably		
C 4c	Explanatory comments/just	tification of response:				

C5	Was there any evidence of an <u>ADVERSE EVENT THAT AFFECTED CARE?</u>					
	(eg delays that weren't the fault of a provider but of a system) Yes $\rightarrow$ Continue to C5a					
	$\square \text{ No } \rightarrow Skip \text{ to } O$					
65.0	Insufficient information/documentation available $\rightarrow$ <i>Skip to C6</i>					
C5a	<b>If yes, then specify:</b> If ticking more than one factor, please indicate the one that had the most significant impact on the death in the first column (red). *For each factor selected, please indicate the source of data used for making this judgement.					
			Form	Ref		
	Equipme	tted collapse ent failure ic injury nial infection (eg ventilator-associated pneumonia (VAP), CDIFF,				
C 5b		erall significance of this factor	!			
	(If multiple factors are ticked in part C 5a, then the overall significance should be that of the one dec most significant. If you consider there to be more than one major factor, please elaborate in the free comment box below)					
	🗌 Major	Factor contributed significantly to the death. Different management be expected to alter outcome. Includes causal (part of a chain of cau compounding (made the situation worse).				
	Minor Minor	<b>nor</b> Likely to be a relevant contributory factor (in addition to the chain of causation). Different management/behaviour might have made a difference, but survival wa unlikely in any case.				
	Irrelevant	Although lessons can be learned, altering this factor cannot be reasc affect outcome. Non-contributory.	onably ass	serted to		
C 5c	Explanatory comme	ents/justification of response:				

Part D	CHILD PROTECTION (for children <19 years)					
D1	Were there any failings in <u>CHILD PROTECTION</u> ?					
	=	Yes $\rightarrow$ Continue to D1a				
		$_$ No $_→$ <i>Skip to 3.1</i> $_$ Insufficient information/documentation available $_→$ <i>Skip to 3.1</i>				
D 1a		f ticking more than one factor, please indicate the one that had the most significant impact on the death in he first column (red). *For each factor selected, please indicate the source of data used for making this udgement.				
		Form ate or unsubstantiated history o detect or interpret clinical signs properly o detect or identify child protection concerns o initiate child protection assessment o initiate child protection referral to other services ( <i>eg police, social</i> ate level of clinical investigation ate involvement of senior staff ate involvement of other services ( <i>eg police, social services</i> ) <i>becify</i>	Ref			
D 1b	Please note the overall significance of this factor         (If multiple factors are ticked in part D 1a, then the overall significance should be that of the one deemed most significant. If you consider there to be more than one major factor, please elaborate in the free-text comment box below)         Major       Factor contributed significantly to the death. Different management would reasonabl be expected to alter outcome. Includes causal (part of a chain of causation) and compounding (made the situation worse).         Minor       Likely to be a relevant contributory factor (in addition to the chain of causation).					
	🗌 Irrelevant	Different management/behaviour might have made a difference, but surv unlikely in any case. Although lessons can be learned, altering this factor cannot be reasonably affect outcome. Non-contributory.				
D 1c	Explanatory comme	ents/justification of response:				

## **SECTION 3: DOCUMENTATION**

3.1	Please check the details that the treating clinicians had available (eg previous admission, baseline peak flow, current treatment etc). <u>Assuming that this information was not available to clinicians at the time, please note the overall</u> <u>significance of not having the missing info:</u>				
	Major (MA)Contributed significantly to the death. Different management would reasonably be expected to alter outcome. Includes causal (part of a chain of causation) and compounding (made the situation worse).				
	Minor (MI)		e a relevant contributory factor (in addition to the chain of causation). management/behaviour might have made a difference, but survival was any case.		
	Irrelevant (I)	t (I) Although lessons can be learned, altering this factor cannot be reasonably asserted to affect outcome. Non-contributory.			
Nature o	Nature of missing information or record:		Score (MA, MI or I)		

3.2

In relation to the documents available to the panel, were there any significant omissions of detail or of whole records that members would have valued in coming to their conclusions?

Yes	
No	

es  $\rightarrow$  Please specify below

Nature of missing information or record:

#### NOTES

#### The NRAD 'Cause for concern' reporting policy

It is recognised that it is possible that examples of questionable practice may come to light and occasionally the project team may wish to refer cases that have had care identified as 'less than satisfactory' when it is felt that further feedback to the GP practice or NHS trust concerned is warranted. This is usually due to an area of concern particular to the hospital or clinician involved, and not for issues being highlighted across the body of case notes. In cases that are referred, the assessors have concerns that the pattern of practice fell below a standard, which indicates that the practitioner or team or Trust is likely to put future patients at risk, if not addressed. Any such concerns identified, will be discussed with the Clinical Director of the CEEU at the RCP and a decision will be taken on any further action.

The NRAD's purpose is to learn and disseminate lessons for national learning from reviewing individual cases. The RCP safeguards the confidentiality both of patients and clinicians and provider trusts in its enquiry work. This confidentiality is seen as an important component of the work, ensuring the continued support of individuals and institutions.

It is the responsibility of local management to ensure that lessons are learned locally from the local investigation of adverse outcomes. Nonetheless, the NRAD will provide sufficient local feedback to alert the local provider that a cause for concern exists if:

- a criminal act is suspected and there is no indication that a local response has been made or
- a major adverse outcome for the patient has arisen through the apparent deficiency of care (as judged by a multidisciplinary panel) or an assessment of 'major substandard care' has been made with evidence suggesting that no local investigation of events has occurred.

Absence of evidence of a local investigation will be treated as evidence of absence of an investigation unless or until further enquiries are reassuring. When notified by a panel chair that a 'Cause for Concern' may be apparent, the associate director for the project will:

- confirm that the records imply ongoing risk of harm to other patients in the event of major substandard care by carrying out a secondary review of the case records and
- seek evidence that a local investigation did in fact occur (including evidence of a coroner's inquest where appropriate) and assess whether the local review considered the issues that gave rise to the 'major substandard' assessment.

Where it is warranted, the medical director of the trust is written to by the clinical director of the CEEU, in consultation with the clinical lead of NRAD, explaining the concerns. This process has been in operation at other confidential enquiry organisations (such as NCEPOD and CMACE) and the responses received have always been positive in that they feel we are dealing with concerns in the most appropriate manner.